1. A method comprising:

- (a) receiving a desired time-of-arrival; and
- (b) selecting one of a plurality of entries of a timetable based on:
 - (i) the current time,
 - (ii) said desired time-of-arrival, and
 - (iii) a non-negative penalty function;

wherein each of said entries comprises:

- (i) a scheduled time-of-departure, and
- (ii) a value that indicates a scheduled time-of-arrival; and wherein said penalty function is:
- (i) monotonically increasing in travel time, wherein said travel time equals the difference between an actual time-of-arrival and an actual time-of-departure,
- (ii) monotonically increasing in Δ = (said actual time-of-arrival minus said desired time-of-arrival) over at least one interval (Δ_1 , Δ_2) of Δ wherein $\Delta_2 > \Delta_1 \ge 0$, and
- (iii) monotonically decreasing in Δ over at least one interval (Δ_3 , Δ_4) of Δ wherein $\Delta_3 < \Delta_4 \le 0$; and (c) determining a desired department ine based upon the pelected one entry 2. The method of claim 1 wherein each of said entries also comprises:
 - (iii) a first metric for said scheduled time-of-departure, and
- (iv) a second metric for said scheduled time-of-arrival; and wherein said penalty function is based on said first metric and on said second metric.
- **3.** The method of claim 2 wherein each of said first metric and said second metric is selected from the group consisting of: a mean value; a minimum value; a maximum value; a variance; an *n*th-order moment, wherein *n* is an integer greater than 2; and a probability distribution.
- **4.** The method of claim 1 wherein said timetable is associated with a departure location, said method further comprising:
 - (c) receiving a current location;
- (d) estimating a metric of travel time from said current location to said departure location; and
 - (e) determining whether to output a signal based on:

- (i) said current time,
- (ii) the scheduled time-of-departure of the entry selected at (b), and
- (iii) said metric estimated at (d).
- **5.** The method of claim 4 wherein said metric estimated at (d) is selected from the group consisting of: a mean value; a minimum value; a maximum value; a variance; an nth-order moment, wherein n is an integer greater than 2; and a probability distribution.
 - 6. A method comprising:
 - (a) receiving a desired time-of-arrival associated with a destination location; and
- (b) selecting one of a plurality of entries of a timetable, wherein said timetable is associated with a discharge location, based on:
 - (i) the current time,
 - (ii) said desired time-of-arrival,
- (iii) a first metric of estimated travel time from said discharge location to said destination location, and
 - (iv) a non-negative penalty function;

wherein each of said entries comprises:

- (i) a scheduled time-of-departure, and
- (ii) a value that indicates a scheduled time-of-arrival; and wherein said penalty function is:
- (i) monotonically increasing in travel time, wherein said travel time equals the difference between an actual time-of-arrival at said destination location and an actual time-of-departure,
- (ii) monotonically increasing in Δ = (said actual time-of-arrival at said destination location minus said desired time-of-arrival at said destination location) over at least one interval (Δ_1 , Δ_2) of Δ wherein $\Delta_2 > \Delta_1 \ge 0$, and
- (iii) monotonically decreasing in Δ over at least one interval (Δ_3 , Δ_4) of Δ wherein $\Delta_3 < \Delta_4 \le 9$ (
 and (c) determining a desired departure time based upon the pelected one entry
 7. The method of claim 6 wherein each of said entries also comprises:
 - (iii) a second metric for said scheduled time-of-departure, and
 - (iv) a third metric for said scheduled time-of-arrival; and

wherein said penalty function is based on said second metric and on said third metric.

8. The method of claim 7 wherein each of said second metric and said third metric is selected from the group consisting of: a mean value; a minimum value; a maximum value; a variance; an *n*th-order moment, wherein *n* is an integer greater than 2; and a probability distribution.

- **9.** The method of claim 6 wherein said timetable is associated with a departure location, said method further comprising:
 - (c) receiving a current location;
- (d) estimating a second metric of travel time from said current location to said departure location; and
 - (e) determining whether to output a signal based on:
 - (i) said current time,
 - (ii) the scheduled time-of-departure of the entry selected at (b), and
 - (iii) said second metric.
- **10.** The method of claim 9 wherein said second metric is selected from the group consisting of: a mean value; a minimum value; a maximum value; a variance; an nth-order moment, wherein n is an integer greater than 2; and a probability distribution.
 - **11.** A method comprising:
 - (a) receiving a desired time-of-arrival associated with a destination location; and
- (b) selecting one of a plurality of entries of a first timetable and one of a plurality of entries of a second timetable, wherein said first timetable is associated with a first discharge location, and wherein said second timetable is associated with a second departure location and a second discharge location, and wherein said selecting is based on:
 - (i) the current time,
 - (ii) said desired time-of-arrival,
- (iii) a first metric of estimated travel time from said first discharge location to said second departure location,
- (iv) a second metric of estimated travel time from said second discharge location to said destination location, and
 - (v) a non-negative penalty function;

wherein each of said entries of said first timetable and of said second timetable comprises:

(i) a scheduled time-of-departure, and

(ii) a value that indicates a scheduled time-of-arrival; and wherein said penalty function is:

- (i) monotonically increasing in travel time, wherein said travel time equals the difference between an actual time-of-arrival at said destination location and an actual time-of-departure,
- (ii) monotonically increasing in Δ = (said actual time-of-arrival at said destination location minus said desired time-of-arrival at said destination location) over at least one interval (Δ_1 , Δ_2) of Δ wherein $\Delta_2 > \Delta_1 \ge 0$, and
 - (iii) monotonically decreasing in Δ over at least one interval (Δ_3 , Δ_4) of Δ

wherein ∆3 < ∆4 ≤ yk
and (c) determining a desired departure time based upon the pelected one entry from both the first timetable a

12. The method of claim 11 wherein each of said entries of said first timetable and

of said second timetable also comprises:

- (iii) a third metric for said scheduled time-of-departure, and
- (iv) a fourth metric for said scheduled time-of-arrival; and wherein said penalty function is based on said third metric and said fourth metric.
- **13.** The method of claim 12 wherein each of said third metric and said fourth metric is selected from the group consisting of: a mean value; a minimum value; a maximum value; a variance; an *n*th-order moment, wherein *n* is an integer greater than 2; and a probability distribution.
- **14.** The method of claim 11 wherein said first timetable is also associated with a first departure location, said method further comprising:
 - (c) receiving a current location;
- (d) estimating a third metric of travel time from said current location to said first departure location; and
 - (e) determining whether to output a signal based on:
 - (i) said current time,
- (ii) the scheduled time-of-departure of the entry of said first timetable selected at (b), and
 - (iii) said third metric.
- **15.** The method of claim 14 wherein said second metric is selected from the group consisting of: a mean value; a minimum value; a maximum value; a variance; an nth-order moment, wherein n is an integer greater than 2; and a probability distribution.

16. An apparatus comprising:

a receiver for receiving a desired time-of-arrival; and

- a processor for selecting one of a plurality of entries of a timetable based on:
 - (i) the current time,
 - (ii) said desired time-of-arrival, and
 - (iii) a non-negative penalty function;

wherein each of said entries comprises:

- (i) a scheduled time-of-departure, and
- (ii) a value that indicates a scheduled time-of-arrival; and wherein said penalty function is:
- (i) monotonically increasing in travel time, wherein said travel time equals the difference between an actual time-of-arrival and an actual time-of-departure,
- (ii) monotonically increasing in Δ = (said actual time-of-arrival minus said desired time-of-arrival) over at least one interval (Δ_1 , Δ_2) of Δ wherein $\Delta_2 > \Delta_1 \ge 0$, and
 - (iii) monotonically decreasing in Δ over at least one interval (Δ_3 , Δ_4) of Δ

wherein $\Delta_3 < \Delta_4 \le 0$ and for determining a desired departure time based upon the pelected one entry 17. The apparatus of claim 16 wherein each of said entries also comprises:

- (iii) a first metric for said scheduled time-of-departure, and
- (iv) a second metric for said scheduled time-of-arrival; and

wherein said penalty function is based on said first metric and on said second metric.

18. The apparatus of claim 16 wherein said timetable is associated with a departure location, and wherein said receiver is also for receiving a current location, and wherein said processor is also for:

estimating a metric of travel time from said current location to said departure location; and

determining whether to output a signal based on:

- (i) said current time,
- (ii) the scheduled time-of-departure of the entry selected, and
- (iii) said metric.

19. An apparatus comprising:

a receiver for receiving a desired time-of-arrival associated with a destination location; and

a processor for selecting one of a plurality of entries of a timetable, wherein said timetable is associated with a discharge location, based on:

- (i) the current time,
- (ii) said desired time-of-arrival,
- (iii) a first metric of estimated travel time from said discharge location to said destination location, and
 - (iv) a non-negative penalty function; wherein each of said entries comprises:
 - (i) a scheduled time-of-departure, and
 - (ii) a value that indicates a scheduled time-of-arrival; and wherein said penalty function is:
- (i) monotonically increasing in travel time, wherein said travel time equals the difference between an actual time-of-arrival at said destination location and an actual time-of-departure,
- (ii) monotonically increasing in Δ = (said actual time-of-arrival at said destination location minus said desired time-of-arrival at said destination location) over at least one interval (Δ_1 , Δ_2) of Δ wherein $\Delta_2 > \Delta_1 \ge 0$, and
- (iii) monotonically decreasing in Δ over at least one interval (Δ_3 , Δ_4) of Δ wherein $\Delta_3 < \Delta_4 \le 0$.

and for determining a desired departure time based upon the pelected one entry 20. The apparatus of claim 19 wherein each of said entries also comprises:

- (iii) a second metric for said scheduled time-of-departure, and
- (iv) a third metric for said scheduled time-of-arrival; and wherein said penalty function is based on said second metric and on said third

metric.